

## Can having more family members in your household really increase your chances of starting a business together?

*Is starting a business with your family a path to success—or a recipe for tension?*

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Starting a business is never just a financial decision—it's deeply personal, often rooted in family dynamics and shaped by cultural norms. In countries like Mexico, where family cohesion is strong and entrepreneurship is a common response to institutional gaps, many new ventures are created within the family circle.

With nearly 90% of private enterprises in Mexico classified as family businesses, understanding how and why individuals choose to involve family in their business is critical. Are family members seen as trusted collaborators—or merely convenient labor? Can household resources act as a launchpad for business success, or do they become constraints?

This article explores the answers to these questions by drawing on a recent study that applies the family embeddedness perspective to examine how the structure of a household—especially its size—shapes the decision to pursue family entrepreneurship. The research offers timely insights for aspiring entrepreneurs, policymakers, and support organizations operating in emerging economies.

### WHAT WE STUDIED

The research centers on Mexico and draws data from the **2015 Global Entrepreneurship Monitor (GEM)**, focusing on 3,540 adults representing diverse socioeconomic backgrounds and regions. The authors aimed to uncover what influences an individual's intention to start a family business, defined as a venture involving multiple family members as owners or managers.

Three key hypotheses guided the study:

1. There is an **inverted U-shaped relationship** between household size and the intention to start a family business.
2. **Household income** moderates this relationship, reducing the impact of household size.
3. An individual's **education level** similarly moderates this relationship.

The analysis leans on the **family embeddedness perspective**, which suggests that family dynamics are not just contextual—they actively shape and influence entrepreneurial behavior.

### KEY INSIGHTS

**1. More Isn't Always Merrier: The Household Size Paradox**  
Household size was found to significantly influence entrepreneurial intentions—but not in a linear way. Initially, as the number of family members in a household increases, so does the likelihood of starting a family business. The rationale is clear: a larger household brings access to emotional support, unpaid labor, diverse skill sets, and even start-up capital.

However, beyond a certain point (around seven members), this benefit diminishes. Entrepreneurs may face **emotional obligations** to include all family members, regardless of their skills or fit for the venture. This can lead to inefficient hiring, internal conflict, and compromised business decisions. The study labels this phenomenon as “**family over-embeddedness.**”

This insight provides a nuanced view of family involvement, showing that more family doesn't always mean more support. Sometimes, it means more pressure.

## ***2. Money Makes the Difference***

One of the most significant moderators in the household size-entrepreneurship relationship is **household income**. In wealthier families, the stress of needing every family member to contribute to the venture is reduced. Financial slack allows entrepreneurs to be more selective about who they involve and under what conditions.

In such households, the inverted U-curve is flatter. This means that the benefits of additional family members are less pronounced, but so are the downsides. Wealth buffers the pressure to employ relatives who may not add business value, reducing potential family-business tension.

## ***3. Education Helps Manage the Trade-offs***

The third major factor is the **education level** of the individual. Better-educated people have more tools to identify viable opportunities and more confidence to pursue ventures independently of family pressure. They are also better at assessing which family members truly bring value to the business.

Similar to income, higher education flattens the curve. It doesn't eliminate the influence of household size, but it reduces its extremes. Educated individuals can navigate the emotional complexity of family involvement with greater clarity and focus.

## **TAKEAWAYS**

### ***Plan Family Involvement Strategically***

Including family in your start-up can bring enormous value, but it should be done with intention. Entrepreneurs should carefully consider each family member's skills, motivations, and alignment with the business vision—rather than relying on a sense of obligation.

### ***Strengthen Your Household's Resource Base***

Income and education can insulate entrepreneurs from the downsides of too much family involvement. Policymakers and educators should focus on expanding access to training and financial tools that empower households—not just individuals.

### ***Beware of Emotional Debt***

The study surfaces a subtle but powerful insight: entrepreneurial intentions are often shaped by

**altruistic guilt**. Entrepreneurs may feel torn between wanting to build a successful business and wanting to provide for family members. Recognizing this tension is the first step in addressing it constructively.

## **IMPACT**

This research has far-reaching implications—not only for aspiring entrepreneurs but also for governments, educators, and organizations that support small business development.

In emerging economies, family businesses are often the backbone of local economies. But assuming that family involvement is always a net positive can be misleading. This study challenges the romanticized view of the family firm and introduces a more realistic, data-driven framework for understanding how household dynamics influence career decisions.

For scholars, the findings add complexity to the **entrepreneurial intention literature**, which often emphasizes individual traits while overlooking household-level influences. For practitioners, it offers a roadmap for avoiding common pitfalls when launching ventures with relatives.

## **RECOMMENDATIONS**

### ***1. Tailor Support Programs to Family Contexts***

Entrepreneurship education and funding initiatives should address the family dimension explicitly. For example, training programs could include modules on managing family conflict, evaluating roles, and setting boundaries.

### ***2. Encourage Career Reflection, Not Just Business Planning***

Prospective entrepreneurs should be guided to reflect on their motivations. Are they starting a business to fulfill a dream—or to meet family expectations? This kind of reflection can prevent costly misalignments down the road.

### ***3. Build Local Data to Support Policy Innovation***

National and regional policy should not assume a one-size-fits-all approach to business formation. Household-based data can offer insights into where interventions are most needed—especially in rural and low-income communities where family is often the only safety net.

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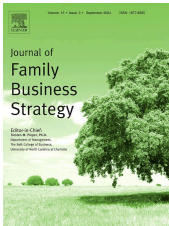
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